

Agilent Protein 230 Kit Guide



Agilent Technologies

Notices

© Agilent Technologies, Inc. 2000,
2001-2006

No part of this manual may be reproduced in any form or by any means (including electronic storage and retrieval or translation into a foreign language) without prior agreement and written consent from Agilent Technologies, Inc. as governed by United States and international copyright laws.

Manual Part Number

G2938-90054

Edition

08/2006

Printed in Germany

Agilent Technologies
Hewlett-Packard-Straße 8
76337 Waldbronn



Caliper®, LabChip® and the Lab-Chip logo are registered trademarks of Caliper Technologies Corp. in the U.S. and other countries.

Adobe and Acrobat are U.S. registered trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Microsoft® is a U.S. registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation.

Software Revision

This guide is valid for B.01.02 and B.02.02 and higher revisions of the Agilent Expert software, where 02 refers to minor revisions of the software that do not affect the technical accuracy of this guide.

Warranty

The material contained in this document is provided “as is” and is subject to being changed, without notice, in future editions. Further, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Agilent disclaims all warranties, either express or implied, with regard to this manual and any information contained herein, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Agilent shall not be liable for errors or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, use, or performance of this document or of any information contained herein. Should Agilent and the user have a separate written agreement with warranty terms covering the material in this document that conflict with these terms, the warranty terms in the separate agreement shall control.

Technology Licenses

The hardware and/or software described in this document are furnished under a license and may be used or copied only in accordance with the terms of such license.

Restricted Rights Legend

If software is for use in the performance of a U.S. Government prime contract or subcontract, software is delivered and licensed as “Commercial computer software” as defined in DFAR 252.227-7014 (June 1995), or as a “commercial item” as defined in FAR 2.101(a) or as “Restricted computer software” as defined in FAR 52.227-19 (June 1987) or any equivalent agency regulation or contract clause. Use, duplication or disclosure of software is subject to Agilent Technologies’ standard commercial license terms, and non-DOD Departments and Agencies of the U.S. Government will receive no greater than Restricted Rights as

defined in FAR 52.227-19(c)(1-2) (June 1987). U.S. Government users will receive no greater than Limited Rights as defined in FAR 52.227-14 (June 1987) or DFAR 252.227-7015 (b)(2) (November 1995), as applicable in any technical data.

Safety Notices

CAUTION

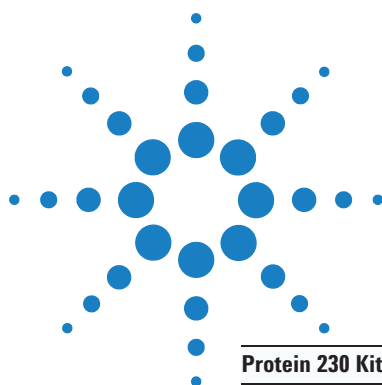
A **CAUTION** notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a **CAUTION** notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

WARNING

A **WARNING** notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury or death. Do not proceed beyond a **WARNING** notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

Contents

1	Agilent Protein 230 Kit	4
2	Equipment Required for a Protein 230 Assay	5
3	Setting up the Assay Equipment and Bioanalyzer	6
	Setting up the Chip Priming Station	7
	Setting up the Bioanalyzer	8
	Starting the 2100 Expert Software	9
4	Essential Measurement Practices	10
5	Agilent Protein 230 Assay Protocol	11
	Preparing the Gel-Dye Mix and Destaining Solution	11
	Preparing the Denaturing Solution	13
	Preparing the Samples and the Ladder	14
	Loading the Gel-Dye Mix	15
	Loading the Ladder and Samples	17
	Inserting a Chip in the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer	18
	Starting the Chip Run	19
	Cleaning Electrodes after a Chip Run	22
6	Checking Your Agilent Protein 230 Assay Results	23
	Protein 230 Ladder Well Results	23
	Protein 230 Sample Well Results	26
7	List of Compatible Buffers and Buffer Compounds	28
	Index	31



Agilent Protein 230 Kit

Protein 230 Kit (reorder number 5067-1517)

Protein Chips

25 Protein Chips
1 Electrode Cleaner

Syringe Kit

1 Syringe

Protein 230 Reagents (reorder number 5067-1518) & Supplies

● (red) Protein 230 Gel-Matrix (4 vials)
● (blue) Protein 230 Dye Concentrate*
○ (white) Protein 230 Sample Buffer (4 vials)
● (yellow) Protein 230 Ladder
4 Spin Filters

*) "This product is provided under an agreement between Molecular Probes, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of Invitrogen Corporation) and Agilent Technologies. The manufacture, use, sale or import of this product may be subject to one or more of U.S. patents, pending applications, and corresponding international equivalents, owned by Molecular Probes, Inc. The purchaser has the non-transferable right to use the product to detect protein and/or nucleic acids in microfluidics analysis systems for one or more of the subfields of research, development, quality control, forensics, environmental analysis, biodefense, food safety testing, veterinary diagnostics, or human diagnostics, according to use indicated on the product label or accompanying product literature. For information on obtaining a license, contact Molecular Probes, Inc., Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402-9132. Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0354."

Physical Specifications		Analytical Specifications	
Type	Specification	Type	Agilent Protein 230 Assay
Analysis run time	25 minutes	Sizing range	14-230 kDa
Number of samples	10 samples/chip	Typical sizing resolution	10 %
Sample volume	4 µl	Typical sizing accuracy	10 % CV (BSA, CAII)
Kit stability	4 months (Storage Temperature see individual box)	Sizing reproducibility	3% CV (BSA, CAII)
CAII	= Carbonic Anhydrase	Sensitivity	6 ng/µl CAII (15 ng/µl BSA) in PBS
BSA	= Bovine Serum Albumine	(Signal/Noise>3)	30ng/µl BSA in 0.5 M NaCl
		Quantitative range	15-2000 ng/µl CAII, 30-2000 ng/µl BSA in PBS
		Qualitative range	6-5000 ng/µl CAII, 15-5000 ng/µl BSA in PBS
		Quantitation reproducibility	20% CV (BSA, CAII)
		Compatible buffers	see "List of Compatible Buffers and Buffer Compounds" on page 28





Equipment Required for a Protein 230 Assay

Equipment Supplied with the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer

- Chip priming station (reorder number 5065-4401)
- IKA vortex mixer (optional)

Additional Material Required (Not Supplied)

- Pipettes (10 µl, 20 µl, 100 µl and 1000 µl) with compatible tips
- 0.5 ml microcentrifuge tubes
- Deionized water
- 1 M Dithiothreitol (DTT) solution (recommended) or β-mercaptoethanol (BME)
- Microcentrifuge
- Heating block for 0.5 ml tubes or water bath (95 - 100 °C)

Check the Agilent Lab-on-a-Chip webpage for details on assays:
www.agilent.com/chem/labonachip.





Setting up the Assay Equipment and Bioanalyzer

Before beginning the chip preparation protocol, ensure that the chip priming station and the bioanalyzer are set up and ready to use.

You have to

- replace the syringe at the chip priming station with each new protein kit
- adjust the base plate of the chip priming station
- adjust the syringe clip at the chip priming station
- adjust the bioanalyzer's chip selector
- finally make sure that you start the software before you load the chip.

NOTE

The Agilent Protein 230 assay is a high sensitivity assay. Please read this guide carefully and follow all instructions to guarantee satisfactory results.



Setting up the Chip Priming Station

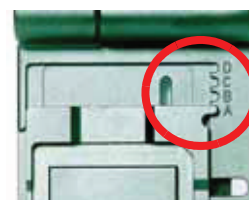
NOTE

Replace the syringe with each new reagent kit.

- 1 Replace the syringe:
 - a Unscrew the old syringe from the lid of the chip priming station.
 - b Release the old syringe from the clip. Discard the old syringe.
 - c Remove the plastic cap of the new syringe and insert it into the clip.
 - d Slide it into the hole of the luer lock adapter and screw it tightly to the chip priming station.



- 2 Adjust the base plate:
 - a Open the chip priming station by pulling the latch.
 - b Using a screwdriver, open the screw at the underside of the base plate.
 - c Lift the base plate and insert it again in position A. Retighten the screw.



- 3 Adjust the syringe clip:
 - a Release the lever of the clip and lift it up or down to adjust it to the middle position.



3 Setting up the Assay Equipment and Bioanalyzer

Setting up the Bioanalyzer

Setting up the Bioanalyzer

Adjust the chip selector:

- 1 Open the lid of the bioanalyzer and make sure that the electrode cartridge is inserted in the instrument. If not, open the latch, remove the pressure cartridge and insert the electrode cartridge.
- 2 Remove any remaining chip and adjust the chip selector to position (1).



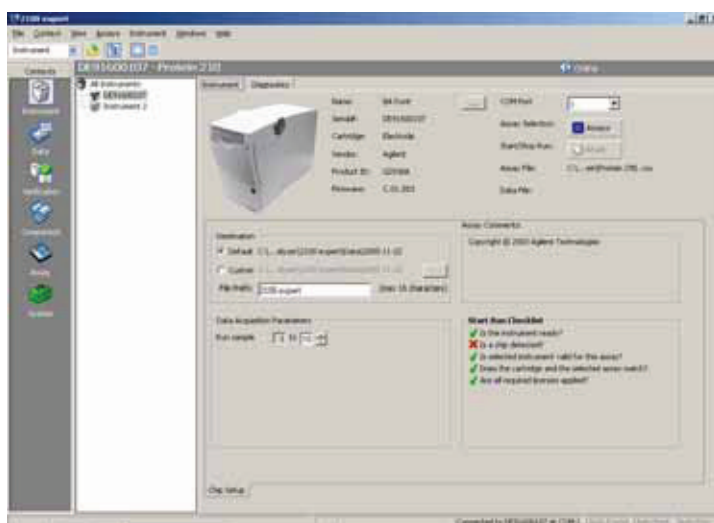
Starting the 2100 Expert Software

To start the software:

- 1 Go to your desktop and double-click the following icon.



The screen of the software appears in the *Instrument* context. The icon in the upper part of the screen represents the current instrument/PC communication status:



Lid closed, no chip or chip empty



Lid open



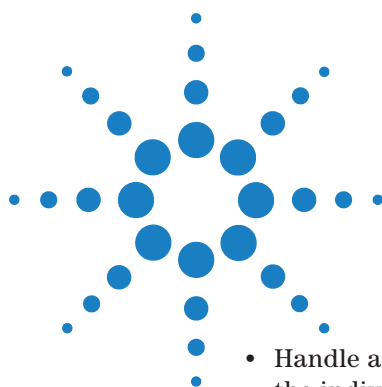
Dimmed icon: no communication



Lid closed, chip inserted, protein or demo assay selected

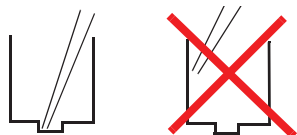
- 2 If more than one instrument is connected to your PC, select the instrument you want to use in the tree view.





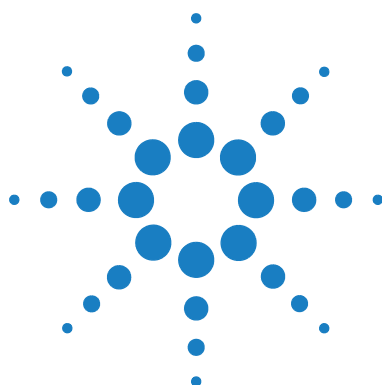
Essential Measurement Practices

- Handle and store all reagents according to the instructions on the label of the individual box.
- Avoid sources of dust or other contaminants. Foreign matter in reagents and samples or in the wells of the chip will interfere with assay results.
- Upon arrival make aliquots for the sample buffer and the ladder with the required amount for a typical daily use and store them at -20 °C. Keep the vial in use at 4 °C to avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
- Allow all reagents and samples to equilibrate to room temperature for 30 minutes before use.
- Protect sample buffer, ladder, dye concentrate and gel-dye mix from light. Remove light covers only when pipetting. The dye decomposes when exposed to light and this reduces the signal intensity.
- Always insert the pipette tip to the bottom of the well when dispensing the liquid. Placing the pipette at the edge of the well may lead to poor results.



- Use a new syringe and electrode cleaners with each new kit.
- Use loaded chips within 10 minutes. Reagents might evaporate, leading to poor results.
- Do not touch the Agilent 2100 bioanalyzer during analysis and never place it on a vibrating surface.
- Use 0.5 ml tubes to denature samples. Using larger tubes may lead to poor results, caused by evaporation.





Agilent Protein 230 Assay Protocol

After completing the initial steps in “[Setting up the Assay Equipment and Bioanalyzer](#)” on page 6, you can prepare the assay, load the chip, and run the assay, as described in the following procedures.

Preparing the Gel-Dye Mix and Destaining Solution

WARNING

Handling DMSO

Kit components contain DMSO. Because the dye binds to nucleic acids, it should be treated as a potential mutagen and used with appropriate care.

⇒Wear hand and eye protection and follow good laboratory practices when preparing and handling reagents and samples.

⇒Handle the DMSO stock solutions with particular caution as DMSO is known to facilitate the entry of organic molecules into tissues.

- 1 Allow the Protein 230 dye concentrate (blue ●) and the Protein 230 gel matrix (red ●) to equilibrate to room temperature for 30 minutes.

NOTE

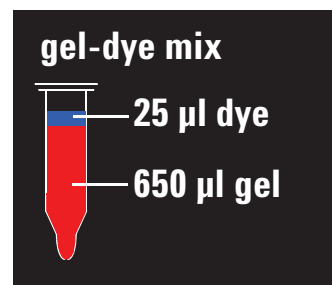
It is important that all the reagents have room temperature before starting the next step. Protect the dye concentrate from light.



5 Agilent Protein 230 Assay Protocol

Preparing the Gel-Dye Mix and Destaining Solution

- 2 Vortex the Protein 230 dye concentrate (blue ●) for 10 seconds and spin down. Make sure the solution is completely thawed.
- 3 Pipette 25 µl of the dye concentrate (blue ●) into a red-capped Protein 230 gel matrix vial (red ●). Store the dye concentrate at 4 °C in the dark again.



NOTE

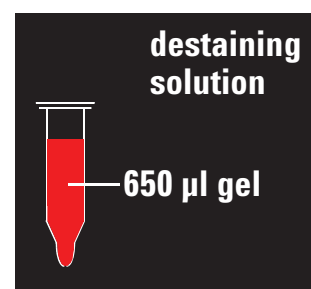
Always use the volumes indicated. Using different volumes in the same ratio will produce inaccurate results.

- 4 Cap the tube, vortex well (10 seconds at highest setting) and spin down for 15 seconds. Make sure that dye and gel are completely mixed.
- 5 Open the tube and transfer the gel-dye mix to the top receptacle of a spin filter. Label the tube and include the date of preparation.

NOTE

The gel-dye mix is sufficient for 9 chips. Use the gel-dye mix within four weeks of preparation, and protect it from light at all times.
Store the gel-dye mix at 4 °C when not in use for more than one hour.

- 6 For the destaining solution, transfer 650 µl Protein 230 gel matrix (red ●) from a second vial into the top receptacle of a new spin filter and label the tube and include the date of preparation.
- 7 Place the spin filters with the gel-dye mix and the destaining solution in a microcentrifuge and spin for 15 minutes at room temperature at 2500 g ± 20 % (for Eppendorf microcentrifuge, this corresponds to 5200 rpm).
- 8 Discard the filter according to good laboratory practices.



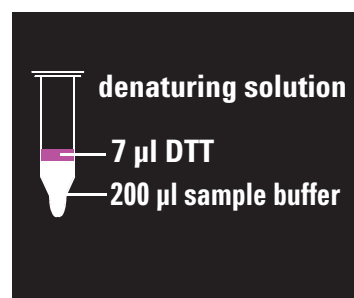
NOTE

The prepared destaining solution is sufficient for 25 chips and is stable for the complete kit lifetime.

Protect the gel-dye mix from light. Store the gel-dye mix and destaining solution at 4 °C when not in use for more than 1 hour.

Preparing the Denaturing Solution

- 1 Remove one of the original vial of the Protein 230 sample buffer (white ○) or a vial with an aliquot of the Protein 230 sample buffer from the freezer. Allow to equilibrate to room temperature for 10 minutes, then vortex.
- 2 For *reducing* conditions: To the 200 µl sample buffer in the original vial (white ○) add 7 µl of 1 M Dithiothreitol (DTT) solution respectively 3.5 Vol,-% of 1M DTT to your aliquot of sample buffer (e.g. 40 µl sample buffer + 1.4 µl DTT). Or add 7 µl of β-mercaptoethanol (BME) to the original Protein 230 sample buffer vial. We generally recommend to use a 1M DTT solution.



For *non-reducing* conditions: Add 7 µl of deionized water to 200 µl sample buffer.

- 3 Vortex for 5 seconds.

NOTE

This 200 µl denaturing solution is sufficient for 10 chips. Use the prepared denaturing solution within 2 weeks.

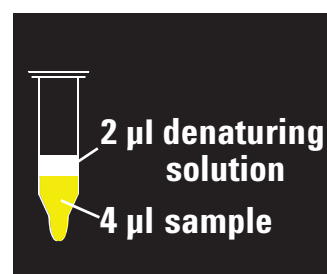
To avoid freeze, thaw cycles, store the denaturing solution as well as smaller aliquots of sample buffer at 4 °C when not in use for more than 1 hour.

Preparing the Samples and the Ladder

NOTE

For a list of compatible buffers, please refer to the chapter “[List of Compatible Buffers and Buffer Compounds](#)” on page 28.

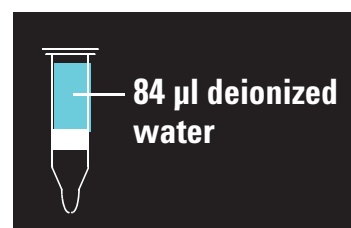
- 1 Allow the denaturing solution (prepared as described in “[Preparing the Denaturing Solution](#)” on page 13) and the Protein 230 ladder vial (yellow ●) to equilibrate to room temperature for 10 min, and vortex before use.
- 2 Combine 4 μ l of your protein sample and 2 μ l of denaturing solution in a 0.5 ml microcentrifuge tube. Using larger tubes may lead to poor results.
- 3 Mix well and spin down for 15 seconds.
- 4 Pipette 6 μ l of ladder in a 0.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (do not add denaturing solution).
- 5 Place each sample tube and the ladder tube for 5 minutes in a heating block at 95-100 °C or in boiling water.



Ensure that the tubes are properly placed and heated. Do not heat for more than 5 minutes otherwise excessive evaporation might occur. The samples and ladder should not dry down.

- 6 Let the tubes cool down for 10 seconds and spin them for 15 seconds.
- 7 To each sample and ladder tube add 84 μ l of deionized water and vortex.

It is not recommended to change the dilution ratio. This will not improve sensitivity, but might lead to poor results and quantitation errors.




NOTE

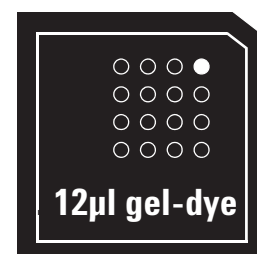
The diluted samples and ladder are stable for one day. Store samples at 4 °C when not in use for more than 1 hour. For your convenience you might want to prepare twenty five 6 μ l aliquots of ladder (amount needed for one chip) and store them at - 20 °C.

Loading the Gel-Dye Mix

NOTE

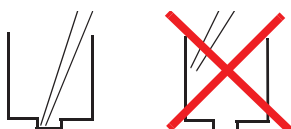
Before loading the gel-dye mix, make sure that the base plate of the chip priming station is in position (A) and the adjustable clip is set to the middle position. Refer to “[Setting up the Chip Priming Station](#)” on page 7 for details.

- 1 Allow the gel-dye mix to equilibrate to room temperature for 30 minutes before use. Always protect the gel-dye mix from light during this time.
- 2 Take a new protein chip out of its sealed bag and place the chip on the chip priming station.
- 3 Pipette 12 μ l of the gel-dye mix at the bottom of the well marked .



NOTE

When pipetting the gel-dye mix, make sure not to draw up particles that may sit at the bottom of the gel-dye mix vial. Insert the tip of the pipette to the bottom of the chip well when dispensing. This prevents a large air bubble forming under the gel-dye mix. Placing the pipette at the edge of the well may lead to poor results.

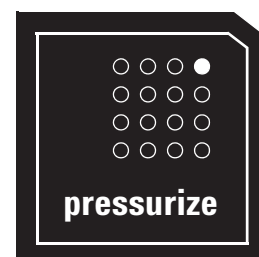


- 4 Set the timer to 60 seconds, make sure that the plunger is positioned at 1 ml and then close the chip priming station. The lock of the latch will click when the priming station is closed correctly.

5 Agilent Protein 230 Assay Protocol

Loading the Gel-Dye Mix

- 5 Press the plunger of the syringe down until it is held by the clip.
- 6 Wait for exactly 60 seconds and then release the plunger with the clip release mechanism.
- 7 Visually inspect that the plunger moves back at least to the 0.3 ml mark.
- 8 Wait for 5 seconds, then slowly pull back the plunger to the 1 ml position.



- 9 Open the chip priming station
- 10 Remove and discard the remaining solution in the well marked **G**.
- 11 Pipette 12 μ l of the gel-dye mix in each of the 4 wells marked **G** and **G**.



- 12 Pipette 12 μ l of the destaining solution in the well marked **DS**.

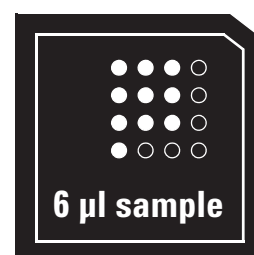


NOTE

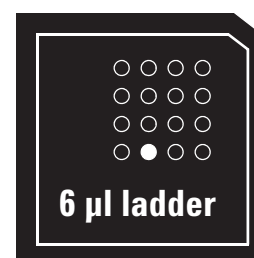
Protect the gel-dye mix from light. Store the gel-dye mix at 4 °C when not in use for more than 1 hour.

Loading the Ladder and Samples

- 1 Pipette 6 μ l of the diluted samples (prepared as described in “[Preparing the Samples and the Ladder](#)” on page 14) into the sample wells marked 1...10.



- 2 Pipette 6 μ l of the diluted ladder into the well marked with the ladder symbol .



NOTE

Do not leave any wells empty or the chip will not run properly. Pipette a sample or ladder replicate in any empty sample well.

- 3 Make sure that the run is started within 5 minutes. Refer to the next topic on how to insert the chip in the Agilent 2100 bioanalyzer.

5 Agilent Protein 230 Assay Protocol

Inserting a Chip in the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer

Inserting a Chip in the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer

- 1 Open the lid of the Agilent 2100 bioanalyzer.
- 2 Check that the electrode cartridge is inserted properly and the chip selector is in position (1). Refer to “[Setting up the Bioanalyzer](#)” on page 8 for details.
- 3 Place the chip carefully into the receptacle. The chip fits only one way.

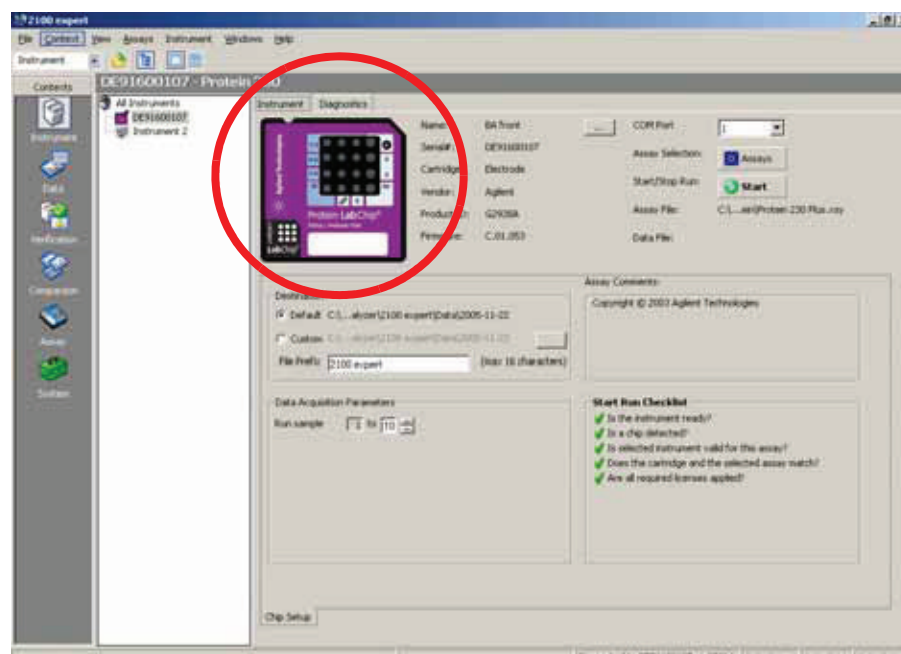
CAUTION

Sensitive electrodes and liquid spills

Forced closing of the lid may damage the electrodes and dropping the lid may cause liquid spills resulting in bad results.

⇒Do not use force to close the lid and do not drop the lid onto the inserted chip.

- 4 Carefully close the lid. The electrodes in the cartridge fit into the wells of the chip.
- 5 The 2100 expert software screen shows that you have inserted a chip and closed the lid by displaying the chip icon at the top left of the *Instrument* context.

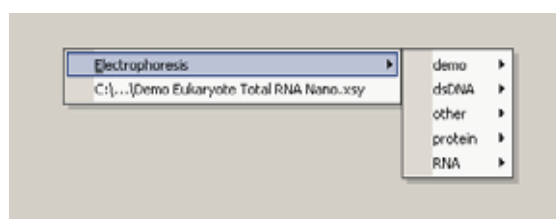


Starting the Chip Run

NOTE

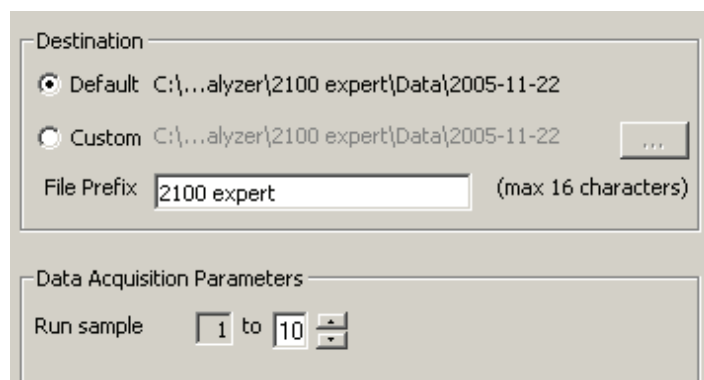
Please note that the order of executing the chip run may change if the Agilent Security Pack software (only applicable for Agilent 2100 expert software Revision B.02.02 and higher) is installed. For more details please read the 'User's Guide' which is part of the Online Help of your 2100 expert software.

- 1 In the *Instrument* context, select the appropriate assay from the *Assay* menu.



- 2 Accept the current *File Prefix* or modify it.

Data will be saved automatically to a file with a name using the prefix you have just entered. At this time you can also customize the file storage location and the number of samples that will be analyzed.



5 Agilent Protein 230 Assay Protocol

Starting the Chip Run

- Click the *Start* button in the upper right of the window to start the chip run. The incoming raw signals are displayed in the *Instrument* context.



- To enter sample information like sample names and comments, select the *Data File* link that is highlighted in blue or go to the *Data* context and select the *Chip Summary* tab. Complete the sample name table.

NOTE

If absolute quantitation is required with a standard protein, mark the check box *Use For Calibration* and enter standard concentration.

	Sample Name	Sample Comment	Use For Calibration	Conc. [µg/ml]	Status	Observation	Result Label	Result Color
1	Protein Ladd...		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓		Found Ladd...	
2	IgG reduced		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓			
3	Protein Ladd...		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓		Found Ladd...	
4	Protein Ladd...		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓		Found Ladd...	
5	IgG non red...		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓			
6	Protein Ladd...		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓		Found Ladd...	
7	Protein Ladd...		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓		Found Ladd...	
8	IgG nonredu...		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓			
9	Protein Ladd...		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓		Found Ladd...	
10	Ladder conc.		<input type="checkbox"/>	0	✓			

Chip Lot #

Reagent Kit Lot #

Chip Comments :

Sample Information

Study Information

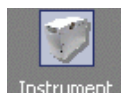
Instrument Information

Standard Curve

Import...

Export...

- 5 To review the raw signal trace, return to the *Instrument* context.



- 6 After the chip run is finished, remove the chip from the receptacle of the bioanalyzer and dispose it according to good laboratory practices.

CAUTION

Contamination of electrodes

Leaving the chip for a period longer than 1 hour in the bioanalyzer may cause contamination of the electrodes.

⇒Immediately remove the chip after a run.

5 Agilent Protein 230 Assay Protocol

Cleaning Electrodes after a Chip Run

Cleaning Electrodes after a Chip Run

When the assay is complete, *immediately* remove the used chip from the Agilent 2100 bioanalyzer and dispose it according to good laboratory practice. Then perform the following procedure to ensure that the electrodes are clean (no residues are left over from the previous assay).

NOTE

Use a new electrode cleaner with each new kit.

CAUTION

Leak currents between electrodes

Liquid spill might cause leak currents between the electrodes.

⇒Never fill too much water in the electrode cleaner.

- 1 Slowly fill one of the wells of the electrode cleaner with 350 µl deionized analysis-grade water.
- 2 Open the lid and place the electrode cleaner in the Agilent 2100 bioanalyzer.
- 3 Close the lid and leave it closed for about 10 seconds.
- 4 Open the lid and remove the electrode cleaner.
- 5 Wait another 10 seconds to allow the water on the electrodes to evaporate before closing the lid.

NOTE

After 5 chip runs, empty and refill the electrode cleaner.

After 25 chip runs, replace the used electrode cleaner by a new one.

NOTE

When switching between different assays, a more thorough cleaning may be required. Refer to the maintenance chapter on the CD Maintenance and Troubleshooting Guide for details which is also part of the Online Help of the 2100 bioanalyzer software.



Agilent Protein 230

Checking Your Agilent Protein 230 Assay Results

Protein 230 Ladder Well Results

To check the results of your run, select the Gel or Electropherogram tab in the *Data* context. The electropherogram of the ladder well window should resemble the one shown below.

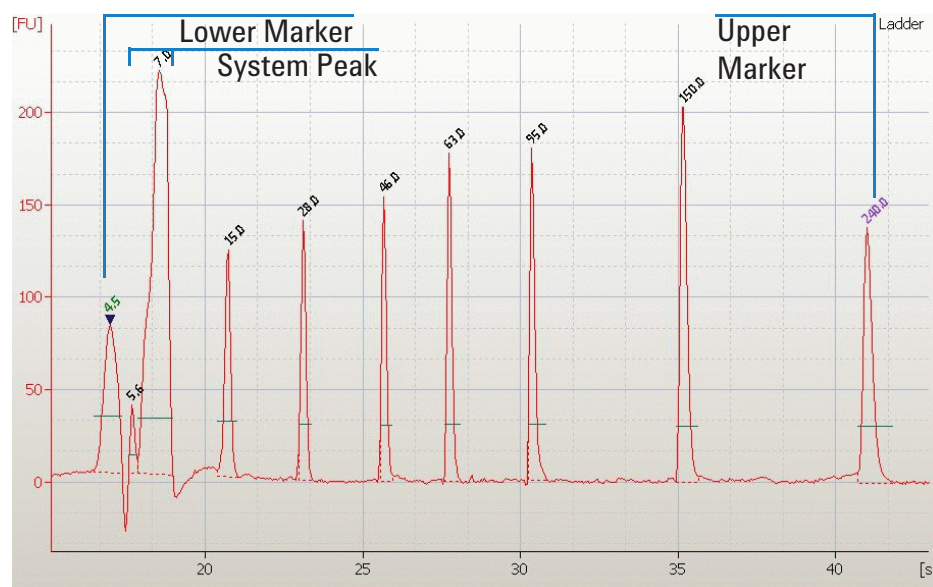


Figure 1 Protein 230 ladder



Agilent Technologies

6 Checking Your Agilent Protein 230 Assay Results

Protein 230 Ladder Well Results

Major features of a successful ladder run are:

- 7 ladder peaks and all peaks are well resolved
- Flat baseline
- Readings at least 20 fluorescence units higher than baseline readings

If the electropherogram of the ladder well window does not resemble the one shown above, for assistance refer to the *2100 Expert Maintenance and Troubleshooting Guide* within the online Help of the 2100 Expert software.

In some of your runs, you might see a double system peak, as shown below. Usually this can be handled by the software and does not cause a problem.

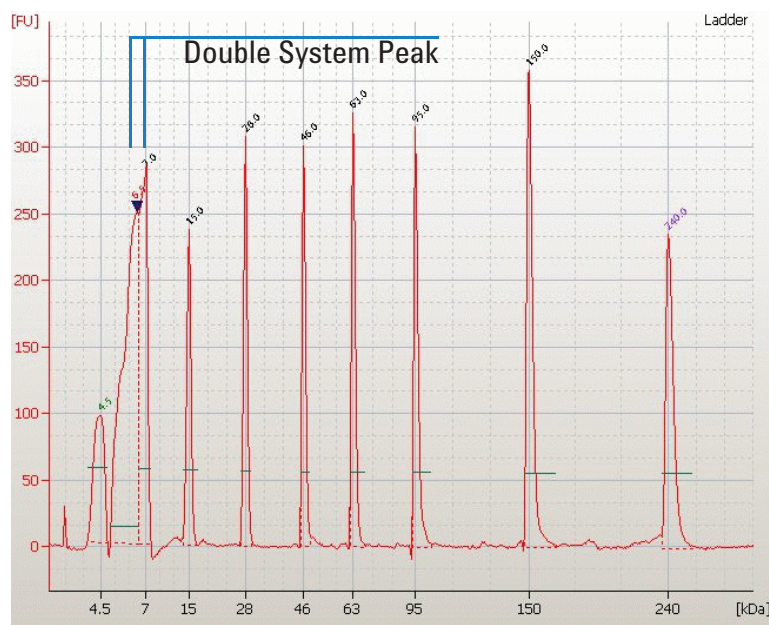


Figure 2 Protein 230 ladder with double system peak

In case both system peaks are identified as ladder peaks, exclude peak 2 (the left of the two peaks) by doing the following:

- 1 Move the cursor over the second peak in the peak table and click the right mouse button.

Checking Your Agilent Protein 230 Assay Results6

Protein 230 Ladder Well Results

		Size [kDa]	Aligned Migration Time [s]	Time corrected area	Peak Height	Observations
1	◀	4.5	17.00	477.6	122.9	Lower Marker
	▶	7.0	18.28	239.3	81.0	Ladder Peak
3	◀	15.0	20.65			
4	◀	28.0	23.02			
5	◀	46.0	25.59			
6	◀	63.0	27.67			
7	◀	95.0	30.33			
8	◀	150.0	35.12			
9	▶	240.0	41.00			

Export...

Configure Columns...

Copy To ClipboardCtrl+C

Scale to Selected Peak

Manually Set Lower Marker

Manually Set Upper Marker

Calibrate Protein

Exclude Peak

2 Select *Exclude Peak* from ladder to make the change come into effect.

Protein 230 Sample Well Results

To review the results of a specific sample, select the sample name in the tree view and highlight the *Results* sub-tab. The electropherogram of the sample well window should resemble the one shown here for the Protein 230 assay.

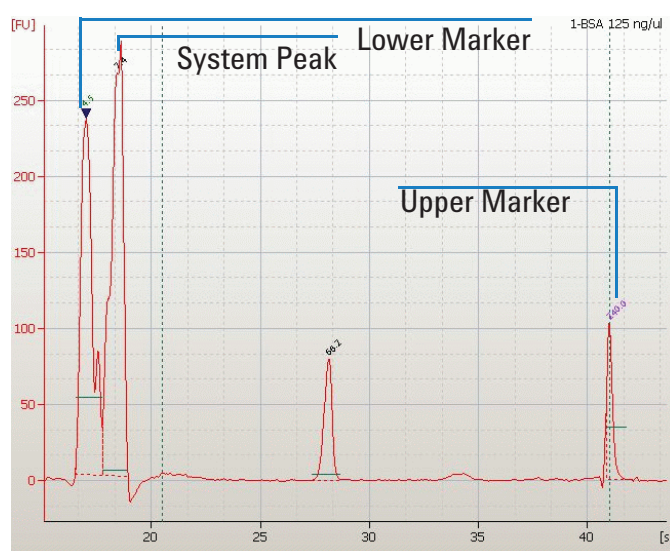


Figure 3 Protein peaks of a successful sample run

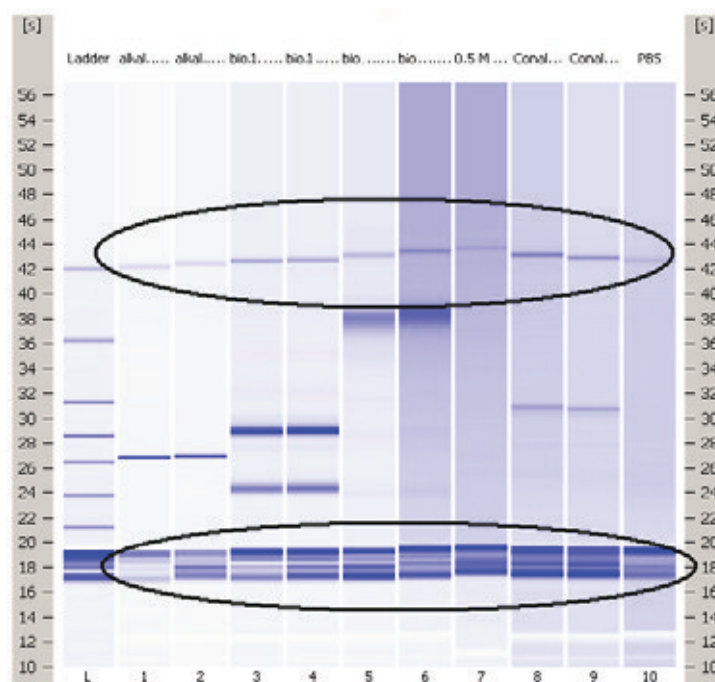
Major features of a successful protein sample run are:

- All sample peaks between the lower and upper marker peaks
- Two marker peaks, system peak(s)
- Lower marker peak between 15 and 22 seconds
- Upper marker peak between 37 and 46 seconds
- Baseline readings between 20 and 250 fluorescence units (to enable the “Don't Analyze” button, see *Zero Baseline* in the *2100 Expert User's Guide* or *Online Help*)
- Both marker peaks well resolved from sample peaks (depending on sample)

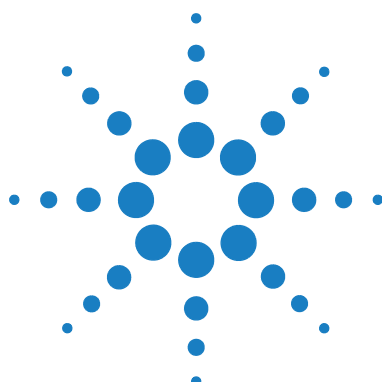
NOTE

Baseline correction can affect quantitation when analyzing broad peaks (e.g. non-reduced IgG or cell lysates) and should be turned off for accurate quantitation.

For easier identification of the correct lower and upper marker, turn off the alignments to identify and manually assign markers. To turn the alignment off, select *Don't analyze* and compare markers in samples to markers in ladder by following the drift in the gel-like image.



For troubleshooting, please refer to the *2100 Expert Maintenance & Troubleshooting Guide*.



List of Compatible Buffers and Buffer Compounds

The following tables list protein sample buffers and buffer components which are known to be compatible with the Protein 230 kit.

For an updated list please refer to the web-site
www.agilent.com/chem/labonachip.

Salts and Buffers (Composition Measured before Sample Preparation)

50 mM Tris / 500 mM NaCl / 500 mM imidazole pH 7.5
20 mM Tris / 500 mM NaCl / 200 mM imidazole pH 7.9
500 mM imidazole in PBS pH 7.4
20 mM Tris / 500 mM NaCl / 200 g/ml FLAG peptide pH 7.5
50 mM Tris / 10 mM glutathione pH 8.0
20 mM Tris / 100 mM NaCl / 30 mM reduced glutathione pH 7.4
6 M urea / 50 mM NaH ₂ PO ₄ / 100 mM NaCl / 30 mM acetic acid / 70 mM NaAc pH 5
10 mM MES / 500 mM NaAc pH 7.0
10 mM MES / 500 mM NH ₄ SO ₄ / 10 mM NaAc pH 5.6
200 mM KCl, 40 mM MgCl ₂ , 20 mM HEPES, pH 7.2
2M Urea, 15 % glycerol, 100 mM DTT, 100 mM Tris/HCl, pH 8.8
50 mM MgCl ₂ in PBS
6 M urea in PBS
25 mM HEPES / 150 mM NaCl pH 7.5
20 mM NaAc
50 mM NaAc in PBS
25 mM NaF
200 mM NH ₄ SO ₄
25 mM PIPES pH 7.0
100 mM Tris/150 mM sodium citrate pH 7.5



Salts and Buffers (Composition Measured before Sample Preparation)

1 M NaCl (it might happen that the upper marker decreases)
 PBS pH 7.4
 10 mM HCl
 10 mM NaOH
 10 mM EDTA
 2.5 % mannitol
 50 mM MOPS

Detergents	Possible Effects
0.5 % CHAPS in PBS pH 7.4	large system peak, baseline hump or wave following system peak, reproducibility of quantitation might be affected, slightly affects sizing
0.25 % Triton X-100 in PBS pH 7.4	large system peak, baseline hump following system peak, reproducibility of quantitation might be affected, slightly affects sizing
0.5 % Tween 20 in PBS pH 7.4	large system peak, reproducibility of quantitation might be affected
0.25 % zwittergent E3-14 in PBS pH 7.4	large system peak
0.05 % desoxycholate in PBS pH 7.4	
0.5 % sarcosyl in PBS pH 7.4	

7 List of Compatible Buffers and Buffer Compounds

Other additives	Possible Effects
40 % acetonitrile 0.1 % TFA	precipitates SDS, upper marker decreased, quantitation might be affected
10 % DMSO	
30 % glycerol	
50 mM guanidine	compatible at low concentrations, at higher concentrations than 50 mM guanidine precipitates SDS and quantitation is affected
300 mM NH_4HCO_3	quantitation might be affected, slightly affects sizing
20 % methanol	precipitates SDS, upper marker decreased, quantitation might be affected
1 % PEG 2000 (polyethylene glycol)	leads to three baseline artifacts of 25, 45, and 58 kDa size, reproducibility of quantitation might be affected

Index

Numerics

2100 expert software, 9

B

base-plate, 7
buffers, 28

C

chip priming station, 5, 7, 15
chip selector, 8, 18
chips, 4
cleaning, 22

D

deionized water, 13
denaturing solution, 13
destaining solution, 11, 17
detergents, 29
dithiothreitol, 5, 13
DMSO, 1
dye concentrate, 4, 11, 12

E

electrode, 22
 cartridge, 8
 cleaner, 4, 22
essential measurement practices, 10

F

file prefix, 20

G

gel, 4, 11
gel-dye, 11

I

instrument context, 9, 18, 19

L

ladder, 4, 14, 17, 23
ladder electropherogram, 23
loading
 destaining solution, 17
 gel-dye, 15
 ladder, 17
 samples, 17

M

marker, 26
mercaptoethanol, 5, 13

P

plunger, 16
preparing
 denaturing solution, 13
 destaining solution, 11
 gel-dye mix, 11
 ladder, 14
 protocol, 11
 sample, 14

Q

quantitation, 27

R

reagents & supplies, 4
results, 23

S

salts, 28
sample, 14, 17
sample buffer, 4, 10, 13, 28

sample electropherogram, 26
sample information, 20
set up
 base plate, 7
 bioanalyzer, 8
 chip priming station, 7
 syringe clip, 7
specifications
 analytical, 4
 physical, 4
spin filter, 4
storage
 denaturing solution, 13
 destaining solution, 13
 gel-dye, 12
 samples, 15
syringe, 4, 7
syringe clip, 7

www.agilent.com

In This Book

you find the procedures to
analyze protein samples
with the Agilent
Protein 230 reagent kit and
the Agilent 2100 expert
bioanalyzer.

© Agilent Technologies 2000, 2001-2006

Printed in Germany
08/2006



G2938-90054



Agilent Technologies