

Uncertainty in servitization

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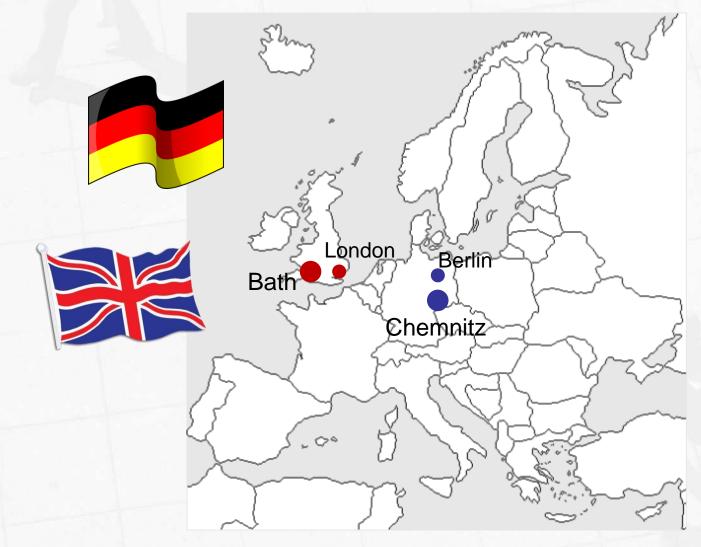


Outline

- Personal introduction
- My research
 - Research focus
 - Method
 - Findings
 - Conclusions



Personal introduction





Personal introduction

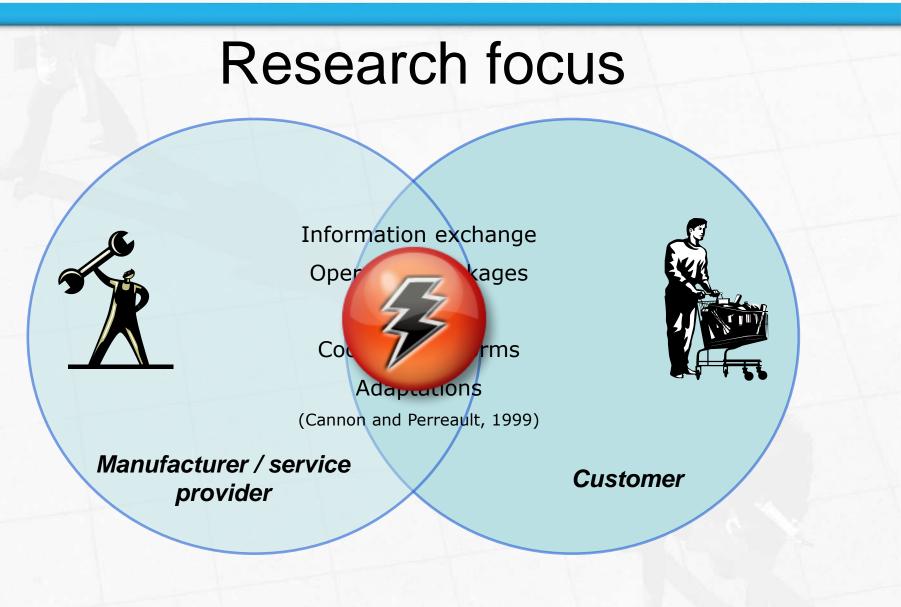




Research focus









Research focus

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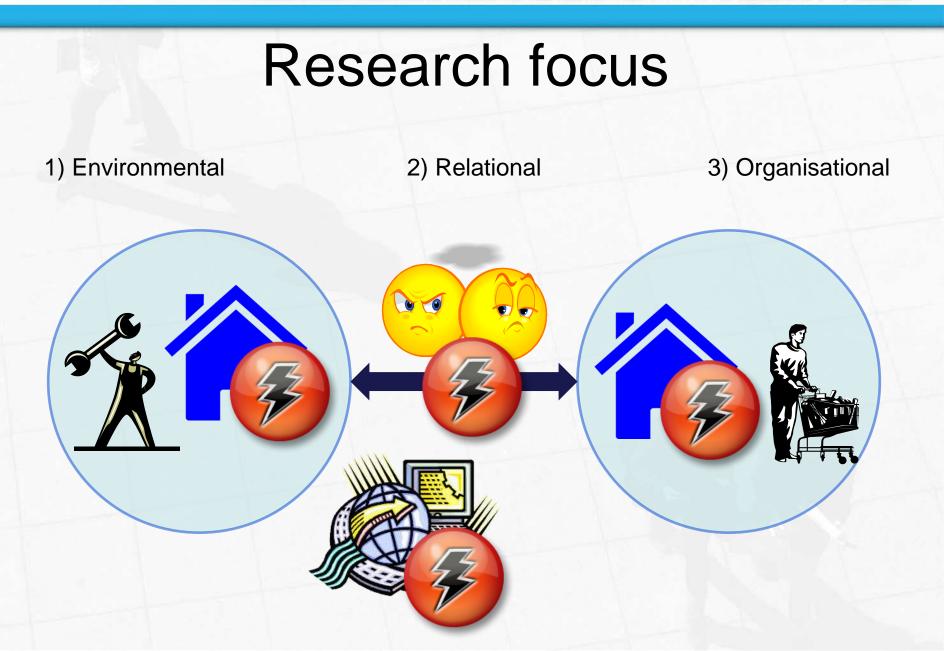
A potential deficiency in any phase or activity of the process, which can be characterised as not definite, not known, or not reliable.*

The possible (positive or negative) effect of an uncertain event or situation.**

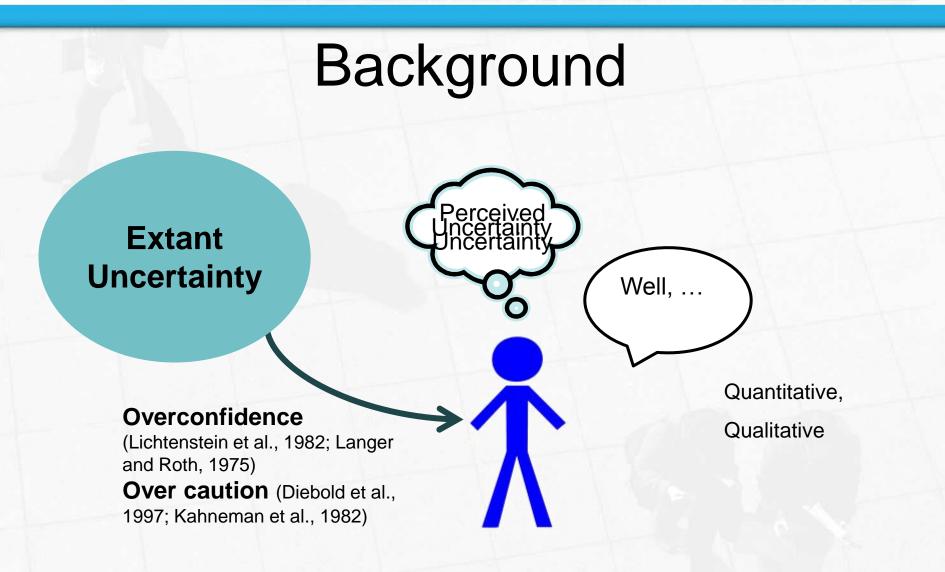
Risk

* Kreye, M.E. et al. (2012) ** ISO 31000 (2009)





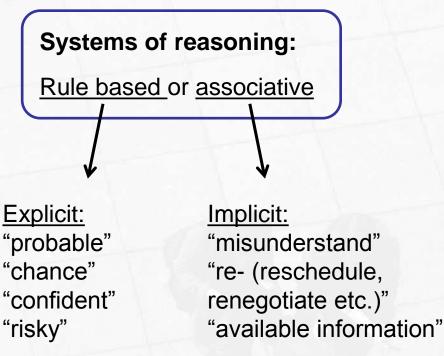




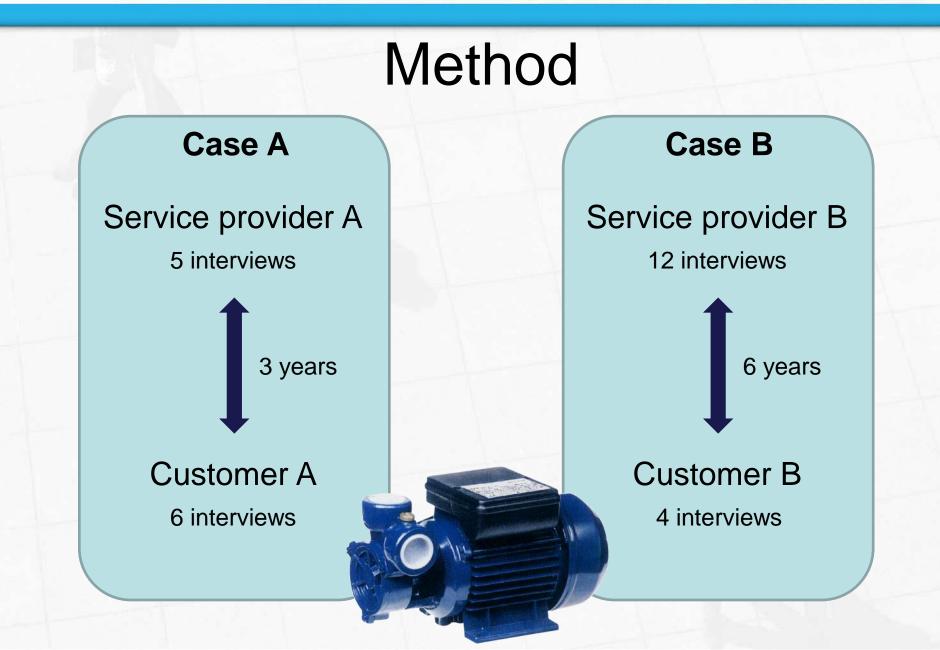


Background











Method

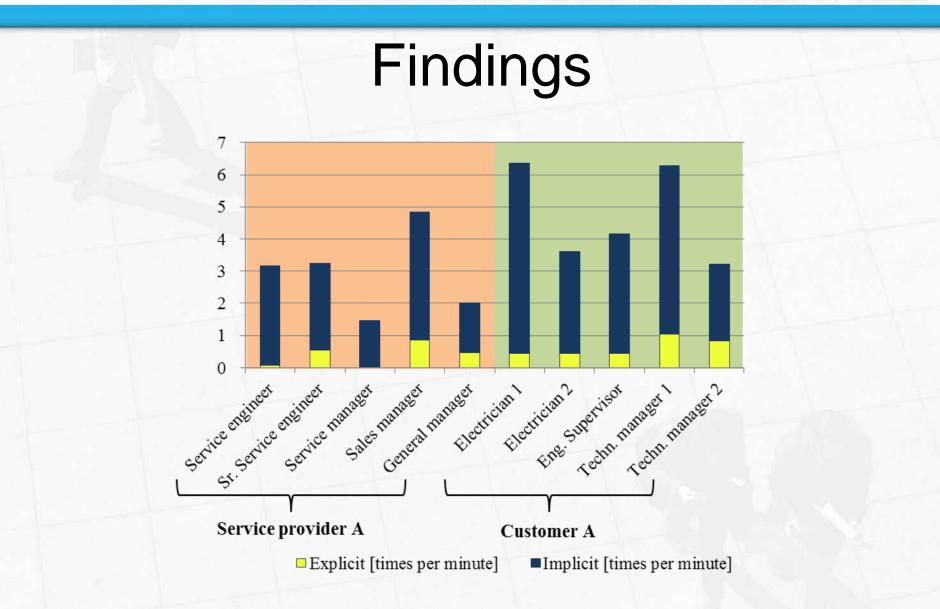
- Content analysis:
 - 1. Key words

Code	Terms included with exemplar references
Explicit uncertainty	Uncertain, uncertainty; risk, risky (<u>Bedford and Cooke, 2001</u>); variation, vary, variable (<u>Downey and Slocum, 1975</u>); chance (<u>Langer and Roth, 1975</u>); confident, confidence, not confident (<u>Lawrence and Makridakis, 1989</u>);
Implicit uncertainty	Re- (redo, renegotiate etc) (<u>Shafer, 1994</u>); mis- (miscommunicate, misunderstand etc) (<u>Grant, 2007</u>); change, changed (<u>Song and Montoya-Weiss, 2001</u>); maybe, perhaps (<u>Hurley et al., 2011</u>); expected, expect, expectation, expectedly, unexpected (<u>ISO, 2009</u>); possible, impossible, not possible, possibly (<u>Hurley et al., 2011</u>); potential, potentially (<u>Soanes, 2005</u>);

2. Context analysis

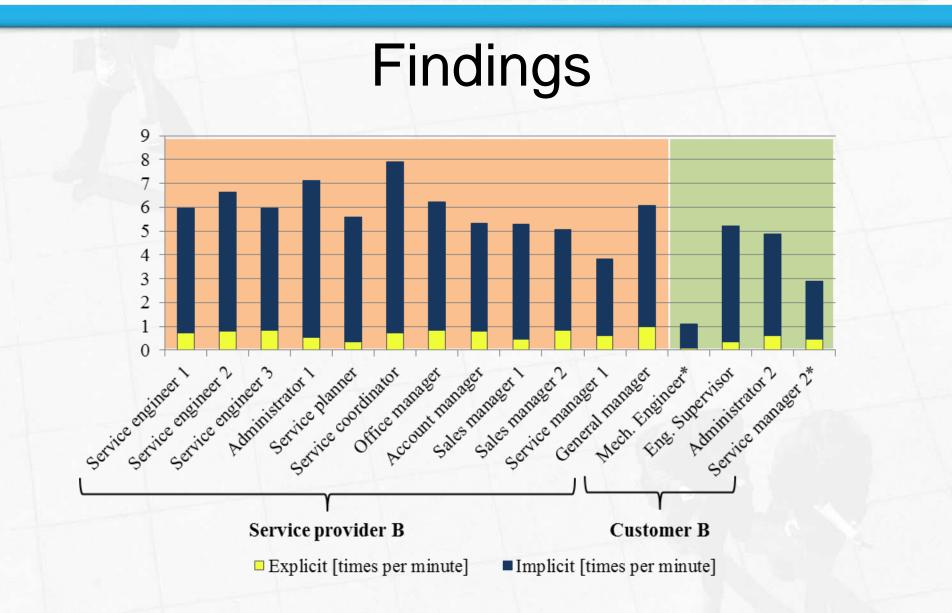
University of Bath School of Management



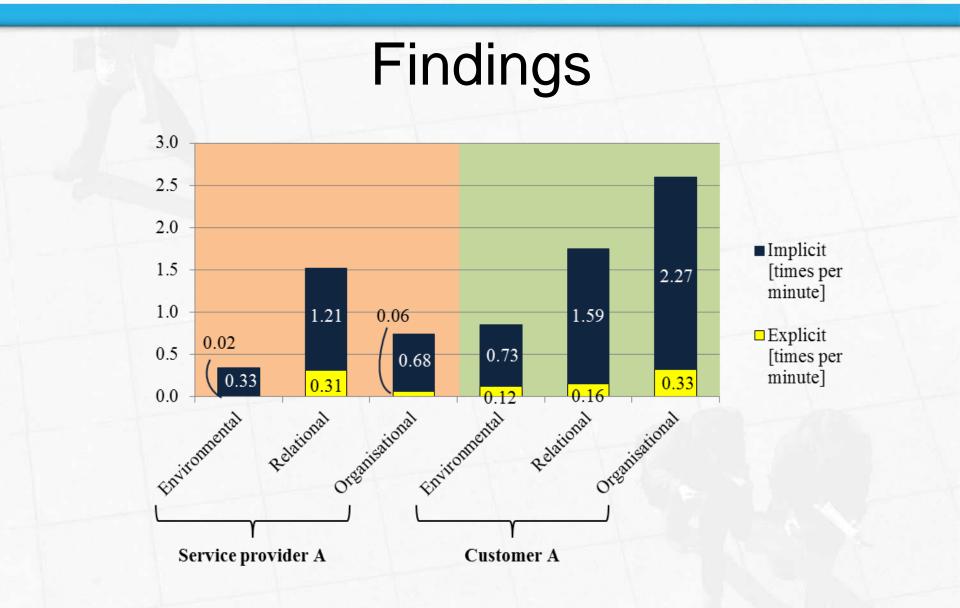


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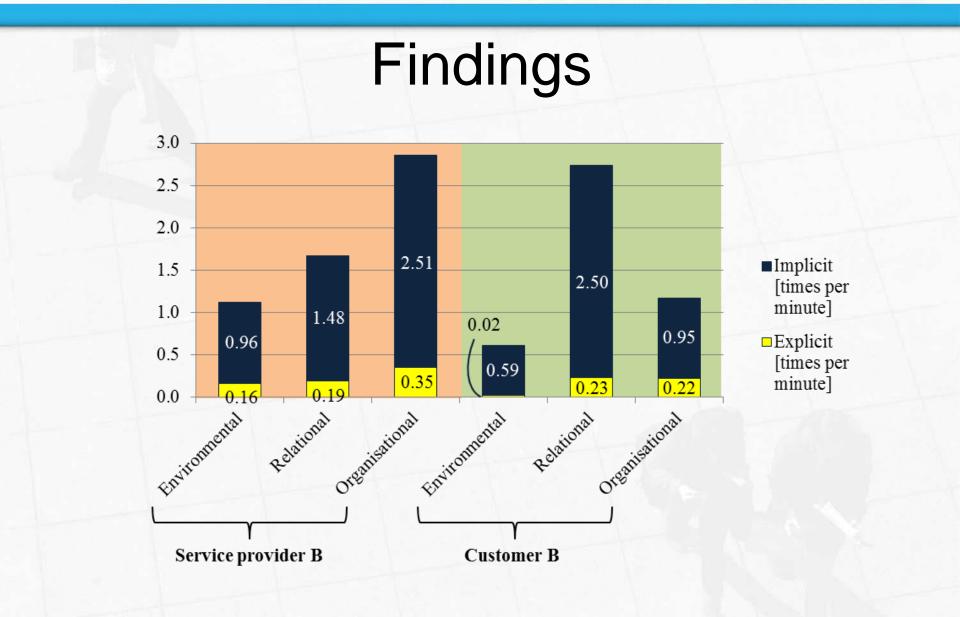














Conclusions

• Summary:

- Prevalence of implicit uncertainty perception
- Organisational + relational uncertainty most important
- Inter-relation between uncertainty types

• Further work:

- Intervention models?
- Management of uncertainty in servitization





Thank you!

Questions?

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